

<i>Flintshire,</i>	Rudolph William Basil Viscount Feilding, of Downing.
<i>Glamorganshire,</i>	Rowland Fothergill, of Hensol-Castle, Esq.
<i>Montgomeryshire,</i>	John Davies Corrie, of Dysserth, Esq.
<i>Merionethshire,</i>	Edward Griffiths, of Gwas-tadfryn, Esq.
<i>Pembrokeshire,</i>	William Richards, of Tenby, Esq.
<i>Radnorshire,</i>	Edward Morgan Stephens, of Llananno, Esq.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

Royal East Middlesex Regiment of Militia.

Edward Dewes, Esq. to be Major, vice Carvick, deceased. Dated 4th July 1848.

Thomas St. Leger Alcock, Esq. to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Tuite, deceased. Dated 30th January 1850.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the Duties of Postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage or inland postage payable by law on the transmission by the post, of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such warrant, and from time to time by warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof; and from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid; and it is provided that the power thereby given should extend to any increase or reduction, or remission of postage.

And whereas in consequence of a communication opened with the Post-office of Belgium, it is considered expedient to alter the rates of postage payable on letters conveyed between that country and the United Kingdom.

Now, we the undersigned, being two of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do, in exercise of the power or authority in us for such purpose vested in and by the said recited Act, and of all other powers and authorities enabling us in this behalf direct, than on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted in or addressed to any place in Belgium, and transmitted between any part of the United Kingdom and any place in Belgium (conveyed between the United Kingdom and Belgium direct by packet-boat or private ship, or sent in closed mails via France, the conveyance between France and the United Kingdom being by packet-boat or private ship), there shall be charged and taken, in lieu of any rates of British postage now payable by law on such letters, an uniform rate of British postage of four pence.

And we direct that on every letter, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, transmitted by the post, between Belgium or any of Her Majesty's colonies, or any foreign country, via Belgium, and any of Her Majesty's colonies, or any foreign country through the United Kingdom, conveyed direct, by packet-boat or private ship, between the United Kingdom and Belgium, there shall be charged and taken in lieu of any rates of British postage now payable by law on such letters, an uniform rate of British postage of four pence for the conveyance of every such letter between Belgium and any part of the United Kingdom when any such letter shall be posted in or be addressed to Belgium, and an uniform British rate of eight pence for the conveyance of every such letter between Belgium and any part of the United Kingdom, when any such letter shall not be posted in or be addressed to Belgium, but shall be posted in or be addressed to any other kingdom, state, or colony, the correspondence of which shall be sent through Belgium; and also such a further or additional rate of British postage for the conveyance of every such respective letter between the port in the United Kingdom of the departure or arrival of the packet or ship conveying the same, and the colony or foreign country to or from which the same shall be forwarded, as shall from time to time be charged and payable for British postage on letters not exceeding half an ounce in weight posted or delivered at the port in the United Kingdom of the departure or arrival of the packet or ship conveying the same, and transmitted direct between such port and such colony or foreign country.

And we direct that on every letter transmitted, as is mentioned in this warrant, exceeding half an ounce in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid progressive and additional rates of postage as follows (that is to say):—

On every letter exceeding half an ounce in weight, and not exceeding one ounce in weight, two rates of postage.

On every letter exceeding one ounce, and not exceeding two ounces in weight, four rates of postage.

On every letter exceeding two ounces, and not exceeding three ounces in weight, six rates of postage.

And on every letter exceeding three ounces, and not exceeding four ounces in weight, eight rates of postage.

And for every ounce in weight above the weight of four ounces there shall be charged and taken two additional rates of postage, and every fraction of an ounce above the weight of four ounces shall be charged as one additional ounce, and each progressive and additional rate chargeable under this clause shall be estimated and charged at the sum which any such letter would be charged with under this warrant, if not exceeding half an ounce in weight.

And we further direct that letters posted in or addressed to any part of the United Kingdom and transmitted between the United Kingdom and Her Majesty's colonies, or foreign countries, through Belgium (conveyed between the United Kingdom and Belgium direct by packet-boat or private ship) shall be charged and chargeable with the like rates of British postage as would be charged and chargeable on such letters if this warrant had not been signed.

And we further direct, that printed newspapers, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and printed courses of exchange, printed periodical

publications, and printed parliamentary proceedings, sent direct between Belgium and the United Kingdom, or between foreign countries, or Her Majesty's colonies and Belgium, through the United Kingdom, or between the United Kingdom and foreign countries, or Her Majesty's colonies through Belgium, in conformity with the terms and conditions of certain Treasury Warrants, bearing date the twenty-second day of November one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and the eleventh day of September one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, shall continue to be forwarded in conformity with such warrants; but if any such newspapers, prices current, commercial lists, courses of exchange, periodical publications, and parliamentary proceedings shall not be forwarded in conformity with the prescribed conditions the same shall be charged and chargeable with the like rates of postage as if they were letters.

And we further direct that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to annul, prejudice, or affect any of the exemptions and privileges granted by the said recited Act, or by an Act made and passed in the first year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the management of the Post-office," or by any other Acts relating to the Post-office, or by any Treasury Warrants issued under any of the Acts hereinbefore mentioned or referred to, and that all such exemptions and privileges shall remain in full force.

And we further direct that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to repeal, alter, or affect any of the rates of postage fixed by certain Treasury Warrants, bearing date the sixteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and the twenty-second day of February one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, or either of them, which rates shall continue to be payable as if this warrant had not been signed.

And we further direct that the terms "packet-boat or private ship," used in this warrant shall be deemed to include vessels belonging to, or freighted by Her Majesty's Government, or the Government of Belgium or France, despatched from or bound to the ports of the United Kingdom, and that subject to such explanation and variation, the several terms and expressions used in this warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act of the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, as explained by the reference therein contained to the interpretations of the terms and expressions used in an Act passed in the first year of Her present Majesty.

And we further direct that this warrant shall come into operation on the fifteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Provided lastly, and we hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any two or more of them, by warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter, or repeal any of the rates hereby altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall Treasury Chambers, the fourth day of February 1850.

H. Rich.
R. M. Bellow.

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To the Churchwardens of the parish of Christchurch, Spitalfields, in the county of Middlesex; and to all other persons having the care and control of the Burial Ground hereinafter described.

Whereas by the "Nuisances' Removal and Diseases' Prevention Act, 1848," it was enacted that when any part of the United Kingdom should appear to be threatened by any formidable epidemic, endemic, or contagious disease, the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, or any three or more of them (the Lord President of the Council or one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State being one), might by Order or Orders to be by them made, direct that the provisions contained in the said Act for the prevention of epidemic, endemic, and contagious diseases, be put in force in Great Britain, and that every such Order should be in force for six calendar months, or for such shorter period as in such Order should be expressed;

And whereas by an Order of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, being one, bearing date the 28th day of September 1848, the said provisions of the said recited Act were directed to be put in force throughout the whole of Great Britain for a period of six calendar months thence next ensuing; and whereas by another Order of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, the Most Honourable the Lord President of the said Council being one, bearing date the 27th day of March 1849, the said recited Order of the 28th day of September 1848 was renewed for a period of six calendar months from the date of the said last-mentioned Order; and whereas by another Order of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, the Most Honourable the Lord President of the said Council being one, bearing date the 25th day of September 1849, the said first-mentioned Order was renewed for a further period of six calendar months from the said 25th day of September 1849, which said last-mentioned Order is now in force throughout the whole of Great Britain; and whereas by another Act of Parliament, passed in the thirteenth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the Nuisances' Removal and Diseases' Prevention Act, 1848," it was enacted that it should be lawful for the General Board of Health to cause inquiry to be made by a superintending inspector or by such other ways and means as the General Board of Health might deem fit to direct, into the state of the burial grounds in any part of England or Wales excepted from the powers of the Public Health Act, 1848, or in any populous city, town, or place, in England or Wales to which for the time being the said Act had not been applied, and if it appeared to the General Board of Health that any such burial ground was in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of the persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, it should be lawful for the said General Board of Health in England and Wales, under the seal of the said Board, and under the hands of two or more members thereof, to issue such Orders as the said Board might think fit for the application of such disinfecting substances, and for the adoption of such other measures of precaution in relation to the premises as might in the opinion of the said Board tend to lessen or remove the danger to health; and whereas after the issuing of the said above-recited Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and whilst the same have continued in force, the General Board of