

Dyer's-buildings, and into the east side of Gravel-lane, all in the said parish of Saint Saviour, South-wark, and thence from the same lane on the west side thereof, through or across Bear-lane, Robert-street, to Edward-street, all in the parish of Christchurch, in the said county of Surrey, and from thence in a straight line through or across Charles-street, Blackfriar's-road, Cross-street, Collingwood-street, and Broadwall, all in the said parish of Christchurch, and thence through or across Roupell-street, John-street, Broad-street, Windmill-street, John-street, Church-street, and Waterlooad, all in the said parish of Saint Mary, Lambeth, and thence in a straight line through or across Robert-street, Vine-street, Little Vine-street, Francis-street, Agnes-street, and to terminate at the east side of the York-road, near Griffin-street, in the said parish of Saint Mary, Lambeth, and that it is intended to take power by the said act for the compulsory purchase of all such lands, tenements, and hereditaments, as may be necessary for the purposes thereof, and also to stop up, divert, alter, widen, turn, and improve all such streets, courts, yards, passages, and places forming entrances into or interfering with such intended new street, as may be considered necessary or expedient. And that it is also intended by the said act, to authorise the appropriation of two sums of money out of the duties upon coals at the port of London, and also the application for a further sum, out of the same duties for or towards defraying the expense of forming and constructing such new street, and also to levy tolls, duties, rates and assessments upon the owners and occupiers of houses and premises, standing or built upon any land which may be purchased under the authority of such act, and also for and in respect of passengers, cattle, horses, carts, carriages, and other vehicles, passing upon or along, or using the said street, and also to levy such other tolls, rates, and duties, or to raise money for the purposes of such act, by such other means as in such intended act shall be provided for.

And notice is hereby further given, that on or before the thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight-hundred and fifty-two, a duplicate plan and section of the works intended to be made and maintained as aforesaid, describing the line and situation of the said intended street, and the lands in or through which the same are to be made, together with the books of reference thereto containing the names of the owners or reputed owners, lessees or reputed lessees, and occupiers of all lands and houses defined in the said plan, and intended to be taken for the purposes of the said street, and describing the same, and a copy of this notice as published in the "London Gazette," will be deposited for public inspection at the office of the clerk of the peace for the county of Surrey, at Lambeth; on or before the thirtieth day of November, a copy of so much of the said plans, sections, and books of reference as relates to each of the said parishes of Saint Saviour, Christchurch, and Saint Mary, Lambeth, in which the said street will be situate, together with a copy of same, notice, will be deposited with the parish clerk of each such parish, at his usual place of abode.

And notice is hereby also given, that printed copies of the said bill will be deposited in the Private Bill Office of the House of Commons on or before the thirtieth day of December, one thousand eight-hundred and fifty-two.

Dated this tenth day of November, one thousand eight-hundred and fifty-two.

*Sturmy, Simpson, and Bousfield,*  
8, Wellington-street, London bridge,  
Solicitors for the Bill.

No. 21835.

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## TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," the Postmaster-General is authorized to charge on all letters conveyed by packet boats between one part of Her Majesty's dominions and another part of the same dominions, and between Her Majesty's dominions and foreign parts where post communications shall be established, such rates of postage as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by warrant under their hands, shall, from time to time direct.

Now, we, the undersigned, being two of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do, in exercise of the power and authority in us for such purpose vested in and by the said Act, and of all other powers and authorities enabling us in this behalf, direct, that on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight transmitted by the post between any place in the United Kingdom and any foreign port on the western coast of Africa, or between any two foreign ports on the same coast, or between the Islands of Madeira, the Azores, the Cape de Verds or the Canaries, and any foreign port or British port on the said western coast of Africa, without such respective letters passing through the United Kingdom (the sea conveyance of such respective letters being by packet boat) there shall be charged and paid, in lieu of any rates of postage now payable thereon, a rate of postage of one shilling.

And we further direct, that on every letter transmitted, as is mentioned in this warrant, exceeding half an ounce in weight, there shall be charged and paid progressive and additional rates of postage as follows (that is to say) :—

On every letter exceeding half an ounce in weight, and not exceeding one ounce in weight, two rates of postage.

On every letter exceeding one ounce, and not exceeding two ounces in weight, four rates of postage.

On every letter exceeding two ounces, and not exceeding three ounces in weight, six rates of postage.

And on every letter exceeding three ounces, and not exceeding four ounces in weight, eight rates of postage.

And for every ounce in weight, above the weight of four ounces, there shall be charged and taken two additional rates of postage; and every fraction of an ounce above the weight of four ounces shall be charged as one additional ounce; and each progressive and additional rate chargeable under this clause, shall be estimated and charged at the sum of one shilling.

And we further direct, that such printed newspapers as are hereinafter mentioned, may be sent by the post (the sea conveyance being by packet boat) according to the regulations and rates hereinafter set forth, which rates shall be charged and paid in lieu of any rates of postage now payable thereon (that is to say) :

British or colonial newspapers, from, or passing through the United Kingdom to any foreign port on the western coast of Africa, two pence each.

Foreign or colonial newspapers from any foreign port on the western coast of Africa to the United Kingdom, or to any of Her Majesty's colonies, or any foreign country through the United Kingdom, (foreign or colonial newspapers on which a lower rate of postage is now payable excepted), two pence each.

British, colonial, or foreign newspapers, between any two foreign ports on the western coast of Africa, or between the Islands of Madeira, the

Azores, the Cape de Verds, or the Canaries, and any foreign port or British port on the said western coast of Africa (without any such newspapers passing through the United Kingdom), two pence each.

And we direct, that every printed supplement or additional sheet to any such newspaper, shall, for the purpose of charging the postage under this warrant, be deemed a distinct newspaper, unless sent in the same cover, or together with the newspaper to which it is a supplement or addition.

And we direct, that no such printed newspaper shall be sent by the post at the rate aforesaid, unless the following conditions shall be observed :

First. It shall be sent without a cover, or in a band or cover open at the sides or ends.

Second. There shall be no word or communication printed on the newspaper after its publication, or upon the cover thereof, nor any writing or marks upon it or upon the cover of it, except the name and address of the person to whom sent.

Third. There shall be no paper or thing enclosed in or with any such newspaper.

And in case any one of such conditions shall not be fulfilled, the whole paper or packet shall be charged with the letter rates of postage.

And we direct that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to annul, prejudice, or affect any of the exemptions and privileges granted by the said recited Act of the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, or by an Act, made and passed in the first year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the management of the Post Office," or by any Treasury warrant issued under or by virtue of the said first-mentioned Act.

And we direct, that the terms "Foreign Port," and "Foreign Ports," used in this Warrant, shall include any foreign places on the western coast of Africa, and also any foreign islands situate within the distance of fifty miles from the same coast, and that the several other terms and expressions used in this Warrant, shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

Provided lastly, and we do hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any two of them, by warrant under their hands at any time hereafter, to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby fixed or altered, or the regulations, hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall Treasury Chambers, the 23rd day of November, 1852.

*Chandos.*  
*Thomas Bateson.*

#### Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

571. To Thomas Sanders Bale, of Caudon-place, in the county of Stafford, China Manufacturer, and Frederick George Sanders, of the same place, Engineer, for the invention of certain improvements in machinery or apparatus for grinding and mixing clays, or other plastic materials.

585. To John Whitcomb and Richard Smith, both of Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester, Foremen, for the inven on of improvements in the manufacture of carpets, hearth-rugs, and other similar fabrics.

587. And to James Rock, the younger, of Hastings, in the county of Sussex, Carriage Builder, for the invention of improvements in railway carriages.

On their several petitions, recorded in the office of the Commissioners on the 30th day of October 1852.

700. To William Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, and of Glasgow, North Britain, Civil Engineer, for the invention of improvements in machinery or apparatus for sewing, being a communication to him from abroad.

702. To Joseph Tringham Powell, of 28, Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, for the invention of improvements in mixing, baking, and drying materials in the making of biscuits, and other articles where plastic matters are employed.

704. And to Louis Gabriel Guérin, Gentleman, of Paris, in the French Republic, for the invention of improvements in fire-places.

On their several petitions, recorded in the office of the Commissioners on the 10th day of November 1852.

705. To Robert Hawkins Nicholls, of Bedford, in the county of Bedford, Gentleman, for the invention of stopping railway carriages.

706. To Ernst Luedeke, of Bedford-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Clock Maker, for the invention of improvements in obtaining and applying motive power.

709. To George Lucas, of 42, Kennedy-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engraver, for the invention of a composition for filling engraved cast or sunk letters, devices, or ornaments on or in brass, zinc, or other metallic plates.

710. To James Noble, of Leeds, in the county of York, Manufacturer, for the invention of improvements in combing wool, and other fibres.

711. To Colin Mather, and William Wilkinson Platt, of Salford Iron Works, Salford, in the county of Lancaster, Millwrights and Engineers, for the invention of improvements in machinery for finishing linen, cotton, and other fabrics.

712. To Christian Sharps, of Hartford, in the State of Connecticut and United States of America, for the invention of improvements in breech loading fire-arms.

713. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, and of Glasgow, North Britain, Gentleman, for the invention of improvements in machinery or apparatus for sewing and stitching, being a communication to him from abroad.

714. To Henry Huart, of Cambrai, in the Republic of France, for the invention of improvements in the storing and preservation of grain.

715. To James Cowan Wyper, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Stationer, for the invention of improvements in the figuring and ornamentation of book-bindings, and covers of a similar character.

717. And to William Davis, of Leeds, in the county of York, Machinist, for the invention of improvements in machinery for cutting files.

On their several petitions, recorded in the office of the Commissioners on the 11th day of November 1852.