

4th Volunteer Battalion, the Durham Light Infantry, Lieutenant T. Randell resigns his Commission. Dated 6th August, 1892.

1st (Inverness-shire Highland) Volunteer Battalion, the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, William John Stewart, Gent, to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 6th August, 1892.

7th (Clackmannan and Kinross) Volunteer Battalion, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), Second Lieutenant J. Bogie to be Lieutenant. Dated 6th August, 1892.

24th Middlesex, Captain G. St. John-Mildmay resigns his Commission. Dated 6th August, 1892.

2nd Tower Hamlets, The undermentioned Lieutenants resign their Commissions:—

M. Bradford. Dated 6th August, 1892.

W. Griffiths. Dated 6th August, 1892.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Flint.

Richard Henry Venables Kyrke, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Office of the Secretary for Scotland, Whitehall, August 4, 1892.

THE Secretary for Scotland has been pleased, by Warrant under his hand and Seal, to appoint Mr. Thomas William Ranken to be Sheriff Clerk of the County of Orkney, in the room of Mr. Andrew John Gold, deceased.

Office of the Secretary for Scotland, Whitehall, August 4, 1892.

THE Secretary for Scotland has been pleased, by Warrant under his hand and Seal, to appoint Mr. Duncan John Robertson to be Clerk to the Justices of the Peace for the County of Orkney, in the room of Mr. Andrew John Gold, deceased.

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL POST
WARRANT, 1892.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WE, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of all powers given to us by the Post Office Acts, or any of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant, made on the representation of Her Majesty's Postmaster-General (testified by his signing the same), order direct and declare as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

Short Title.

1. This Warrant may be cited as the Foreign and Colonial Post Warrant, 1892.

Repeal.

2. The Warrants and Regulations made respectively by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury and by Her Majesty's Postmaster-General and mentioned in the Schedule to this Warrant shall be repealed, revoked, and annulled on and as from the day upon which this Warrant comes into operation.

Provided that—

(1.) Where any provision of any Warrant or Regulations not comprised in the said Schedule, has been repealed by any Warrant or Regulations hereby repealed, such repeal shall not be affected by the repeal effected by this Warrant.

(2.) The repeal by this Warrant of any Warrant or Regulations shall not affect—

(a.) Anything done or suffered before this Warrant comes into operation; or

(b.) Any legal proceeding commenced before this Warrant comes into operation in pursuance of any Warrant or Regulations hereby repealed. And any such legal proceeding may be carried on and completed as if this Warrant had not been made.

Schedule part of Warrant.

3. The Schedule to this Warrant shall be deemed part of this Warrant.

Definitions.

4. In this Warrant—

"Letter."

(1.) The expression "Letter" includes any communication in the nature of a Letter.

"Post-card."

(2.) The expression "Post-card" means a card recognized as a Post-card in accordance with the terms of the Postal Union Convention, and (except where otherwise expressed) includes a "Reply Post-card."

"Reply Post-card."

(3.) The expression "Reply Post-card" means a Post-card in two parts, one of which (hereinafter called "the reply half") may without further payment be again transmitted through the post.

"Commercial Packet."

(4.) The expression "Commercial Packet" means a packet of papers or documents (whether printed or written) not containing anything having the character of actual and personal correspondence except so far as may be expressly allowed by this Warrant, and includes anything which may be contained in a Printed Packet.

"Printed Packet."

(5.) The expression "Printed Packet" means a packet containing one or more of the following articles or documents, that is to say:—

(a.) Newspapers, printed books, periodicals, literary works, and pamphlets, either stitched or bound.

(b.) Sheets of music, visiting cards, address cards, proofs of printing, either with or without the manuscript thereof, papers impressed with points in relief for the use of the blind.

(c.) Prospectuses, announcements, and notices, whether printed, engraved, lithographed, or autographed.

(d.) Engravings, photographs when not on glass or in frames containing glass, pictures, drawings, plans, maps, and catalogues; and

(e.) In general all impressions or copies upon paper, parchment, or cardboard obtained by means of printing, lithography, autography, or any other mechanical process (except the copying press and the type writer) employed for the purpose of printing and easy to recognize.

(f.) Anything, not being of glass, usually attached or appurtenant to any of the before mentioned articles in the way of binding, mounting, covering or otherwise, and anything necessary or convenient for their safe transmission by post which shall be contained in the same packet.

"Sample Packet."

(6.) The expression "Sample Packet" means any Packet consisting of trade patterns or samples of merchandise.

"Open Packet."

(7.) The expression "Open Packet" means and includes a Commercial Packet, a Printed Packet, and a Sample Packet.

"Postal Packet."

(8.) The expression "Postal Packet" means and includes (except where otherwise expressed) a letter, post card, and open packet.

"Inland."

(9.) The expression "Inland," when used in relation to any Postal Packet or any description thereof, means posted within and addressed to the same country or place.

"United Kingdom."

(10.) The expression "United Kingdom" includes the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

"British Post Office Abroad."

(11.) The expression "British Post Office Abroad" means a British Post Office which, though situated out of the United Kingdom, is directly under the management and control of the Postmaster-General.

"British Post Office."

(12.) The expression "British Post Office" means and includes any Post Office in the United Kingdom, and any British Post Office abroad.

"Outgoing."

(13.) The expression "outgoing" applied to a Postal Packet of any description means posted at a British Post Office for transmission to some country or place other than that in which such Post Office is situate.

"Incoming."

(14.) The expression "incoming" applied to a Postal Packet of any description means received at a British Post Office through the post from some country or place other than that in which such Post Office is situate.

Application of Warrant.

5. The provisions of this Warrant shall, except where otherwise expressed, be deemed to apply exclusively to Postal Packets transmitted by post in either direction between a British Post Office and some country or place other than that in which such Post Office is situate.

LETTERS.

Rates of Postage.

6. Subject to the provisions of this Warrant on every outgoing Letter there shall be charged and paid the following rates of postage; (that is to say,)

On every Letter not exceeding half-an-ounce in weight two pence halfpenny.

On every Letter exceeding half-an-ounce in weight, for every half-ounce, or fractional part of half-an-ounce, two pence halfpenny.

POST-CARDS AND REPLY POST-CARDS.

Rates of Postage.

7.—(1.) On every outgoing Post-card (other than a Reply Post-card) there shall be charged and paid the rate of postage of one penny.

(2.) On every outgoing Reply Post-card there shall be charged and paid the rate of postage of two pence.

Address only to be written on Stamped Side of Card.

8.—(1.) The address and the sender's name and address, and any postal directions recognized by the Postal Union Convention, but nothing else, shall be written, printed, or otherwise impressed on the side of a post-card which bears the impressed

stamp, and nothing shall be written, printed, or otherwise impressed across such stamp.

Letter may be Written, Printed, &c., on Unstamped Side of Card.

(2.) Anything (including a letter) may be written, printed, or otherwise impressed on the side of a post-card which does not bear the impressed stamp.

(3.) Nothing whatever shall be in any manner attached to a post-card except—

Nothing to be Attached to Card.

(a.) a postage stamp or stamps in payment of any deficient postage or additional sum payable for registration or for acknowledgment of delivery or for express delivery, and

(b.) (on the side of the card which bears the impressed stamp) a gummed label, not exceeding two inches in length by three-quarters of an inch in breadth, and bearing the address at which the card is to be delivered.

(4.) For the purposes of a reply, the reply half of a reply post-card shall be severed from the other half, but subject to this provision no post-card shall be cut or folded or otherwise altered.

Disposal of Cards not in Conformity with Warrant.

(5.) If any post-card is sent by post otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of this clause, it shall be dealt with and charged as an insufficiently prepaid letter.

OPEN PACKETS.

Rates of Postage.

9. On every outgoing Open Packet there shall be charged and paid the following rates of postage, that is to say:—

For every two ounces, or fractional part of two ounces, one halfpenny.

Provided that—

(a.) The minimum rate of postage on a Commercial Packet shall be twopence halfpenny, and

(b.) The minimum rate of postage on a Sample Packet shall be one penny.

Conditions of Posting.

10.—(1.) Every open packet shall be subject to examination in the Post, and no open packet shall contain anything sealed or otherwise closed against inspection.

(2.) Subject to the provisions of this Warrant, no open packet shall contain or bear anything of the nature of an actual and personal correspondence.

COMMERCIAL AND PRINTED PACKETS.

Mode of Posting and Contents.

11.—(1.) Every commercial or printed Packet shall be posted either without a cover or in an unfastened envelope, or in a cover open at both ends, and in every case such band, envelope, or cover shall be easily removable for the purpose of examination, without breaking any seal or tearing any paper or separating any adhering surfaces.

(2.) No commercial or printed Packet shall contain postage stamps whether obliterated or not, or any printed article constituting the sign of a monetary value.

(3.) No printed Packet shall contain printed papers of which the text has been modified after printing, either by hand or by means of a mechanical process, or bears any marks whatever of such a kind as to constitute a conventional language;

Provided that by way of exception to this regulation the following rules shall obtain, that is to say:—

- (a.) There may be indicated on the outside of the missive, the name, commercial standing, and address of the sender ; .
- (b.) There may be added in manuscript, on printed visiting cards, the address of the sender, his title, and any conventional initials ;
- (c.) There may be indicated or altered in a printed paper, in manuscript or by a mechanical process, the date of despatch, the signature, and the commercial standing or profession, as well as the address of the sender ;
- (d.) In printer's proofs, alterations and additions, and instructions as to printing, may be made in writing ; and in case of want of space such additions may be made on separate sheets.
- (e.) Errors in printing in printed documents other than proofs may be corrected ;
- (f.) Erasures of certain parts of a printed text may be made in order to render them illegible ;
- (g.) Passages of the text to which it is desired to draw attention may be made prominent by means of marks ;
- (h.) In prices current, tenders for advertisements, stock and share lists and trade circulars, insertions or corrections of figures, of the name of a traveller, and of the date of his visit, may be made in manuscript, or by a mechanical process ;
- (i.) In advices of the departures of ships, the dates of those departures may be indicated in manuscript ;
- (k.) In cards of invitation and notices of meetings the name of the person invited, the date, the object, and the place of the gathering may be indicated in manuscript ;
- (l.) In books or on sheets of music, newspapers, photographs, and engravings a dedication may be added, and the invoice relating to any such work may be enclosed in the same packet ;
- (m.) In requisitions sent to libraries (printed and open, and intended as orders for books, newspapers, engravings, or pieces of music) there may be indicated on the back, in manuscript, the works required or offered, and the whole or part of the printed communications may be erased or underlined on the front ;
- (n.) Fashion plates, maps, and similar sheets may be painted.
- (4.) Where printed packets contain documents produced by chromography, polygraphy, hectography, papyrography, velocigraphy, or any other similar process, such packets must be posted by being handed in at a Post Office, and such documents shall number at least 20 copies, all which copies must be precisely identical.
- (5.) If any Packet of commercial papers or printed papers be posted otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of this clause, it shall be detained and returned or given up to the sender thereof.

SAMPLE PACKETS.

Mode of Posting and Contents.

- 12.—(1.) No Sample Packet shall contain any article of any intrinsic value or of a saleable nature or having a value of its own apart from its use as a pattern or sample.
- (2.) Patterns or samples shall, when practicable, be placed in covers open at both ends and so that the same may be easily removed for the pur-

pose of examination. Nevertheless, samples of seeds, drugs, or other articles which cannot be placed in open covers, may be enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen or other material, fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened so as to enable the officers of the Post Office to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

(3.) There shall be no writing in or upon any Sample Packet, or in or upon the cover thereof, except the name, address, and trade or profession of the person for whom it is intended, the name of the sender or that of his firm, a manufacturer's or trade mark and numbers, prices, and particulars relative to the weight, size, and quantity of the article to be disposed of or necessary to determine its origin and nature.

(4.) If any Sample Packet be posted otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of this clause, it shall be detained and returned or given up to the sender thereof.

MAXIMUM WEIGHT AND DIMENSIONS.

13. Except by the special permission of the Postmaster-General no postal packet shall be forwarded or delivered by post which exceeds the following respective weights and dimensions, that is to say :—

- (a.) In the case of a letter,
Two feet in length, or one foot in breadth or depth ;
- (b.) In the case of a commercial or printed packet,
(1.) Four pounds in weight,
(2.) Two feet in length, or one foot in breadth or depth, or if the packet be made up in the form of a roll, thirty inches in length or four inches in diameter ;
- (c.) In the case of a sample packet,
(1.) Twelve ounces in weight,
(2.) Twelve inches in length, eight inches in breadth, or four inches in depth, or, if the packet be made up in the form of a roll, twelve inches in length or six inches in diameter.

Provided that this regulation shall not apply to petitions or addresses forwarded to Her Majesty or to petitions or addresses to Her Majesty or petitions to either House of Parliament forwarded to any member of either House of Parliament.

PREPAYMENT.

Postage must be Prepaid.

14. Subject to the provisions of this Warrant the postage payable on every Postal Packet must be prepaid.

Manner of Prepaying Postage.

15. The postage payable on any Postal Packet except a Post-Card may be prepaid either by adhesive postage stamps or by the use of a stamped envelope or cover.

Letters not Paid.

16. Any letter upon which no part, or a part only, of the postage payable thereon is prepaid shall be charged with double the amount of the deficient postage.

Post-Cards and Reply Post-Cards Partly Paid.

17.—(1.) A Post-Card upon which a part only of the postage payable thereon is prepaid shall be charged with double the amount of the deficient postage.

Unpaid Post-Cards and Reply Post-Cards.

(2.) A Post-Card upon which no part of the postage payable thereon is prepaid, shall be deemed

to be liable to letter postage, and shall be charged with double the amount of such postage.

Post-Cards not Posted in Country of Issue.

(3.) Where a Post-Card is posted in a country other than that in which such Post-Card is issued, any impressed stamp upon such Post-Card shall not be accepted in payment or part payment of postage either in the country in which the Post-Card is posted or in that to which it is addressed.

Provided that this provision does not apply to the Reply half of a Reply Post-Card re-transmitted to the country in which the card was originally posted.

Outgoing Open Packets Not Paid.

18.—(1.) Any outgoing open Packet upon which no part of the postage payable thereon is prepaid shall be detained and returned, or given up to the sender; but if a part of the postage payable on such Packet be prepaid the Packet shall be forwarded charged with double the amount of the deficient postage.

Incoming Open Packets Not Paid.

(2.) Any incoming open Packet upon which no part of the postage payable thereon is prepaid, shall be detained and returned to the country of origin; but, if a part of the postage payable on such Packet be prepaid, the Packet shall be forwarded charged with double the amount of the deficient postage.

PROHIBITIONS.

19. There shall not be posted or conveyed or delivered by post under this Warrant any Postal Packet—

Obscene Prints, &c.

(1.) Consisting of or containing any indecent or obscene print, painting, photograph, lithograph, engraving, book, or card, or any indecent or obscene article, whether similar to the above or not, or

(2.) Having thereon or on the cover thereof any words, marks or designs of an indecent, obscene, or grossly offensive character.

Explosives and Dangerous or Noxious Articles.

(3.) Consisting of or containing—

(a.) Any explosive substance,

(b.) Any dangerous substance,

(c.) Any filth,

(d.) Any noxious or deleterious substance,

(e.) Any sharp instrument not properly protected,

(f.) Except with the special permission of the Postmaster-General, any living creature,

(g.) Any article or thing whatsoever which is likely to injure other Postal Packets in course of conveyance or any receptacle in which the same are conveyed or an officer of the Post Office or other person who may deal with such Packet.

Contraband.

(4.) Containing—

(a.) Any article liable to Customs duty,

(b.) Any article which by the laws of the country or place in which the Packet is posted or to which the Packet is addressed it is unlawful to send by post.

Any such Postal Packet if posted or tendered for conveyance by post may be detained and either returned or given up to the sender thereof or dealt with or disposed of in such other manner as may be authorized by the Postmaster-General.

EXPRESS DELIVERY.

Express Delivery Fee on Outgoing Packets.

20. Upon every outgoing Postal Packet marked with the words "Express delivery," or with such other words as may indicate the desire of the sender that the Postal Packet may be delivered by special messenger (which words are hereinafter referred to as an "express marking,") there shall be charged and prepaid the fee of threepence.

Delivery of Incoming Packets by Special Messenger.

21. Any incoming Postal Packet marked with an express marking shall, in the United Kingdom, be conveyed and delivered by special messenger, subject to the regulations and conditions for the time being in force with respect to the express delivery of inland Postal Packets in the United Kingdom.

RE-DIRECTION.

Incoming Packets.

22. Any incoming Postal Packet may be re-directed to any address in the United Kingdom or in any other country or place free of British postage in respect either of such re-direction or of the re-transmission thereof by post to the new address.

Inland Packets.

23. On every Postal Packet

(1.) re-directed in any country or place abroad, and thence transmitted by post to the United Kingdom or to a British Post Office abroad, or,

(2.) re-directed in the United Kingdom, or in the district of any British Post Office abroad, and thence transmitted by post to some other country or place,

there shall be charged and paid on the delivery thereof (in addition to any postage chargeable thereon in respect of the inland service of the country or place in which the Packet was posted) the same postage as would have been payable thereon if the same had been originally addressed to the place to which it shall have been re-directed. Provided that credit shall be given for any postage prepaid thereon.

REGISTRATION.

Outgoing Packets may be Registered.

24.—(1.) Subject to the provisions of this Warrant any outgoing Postal Packet may be registered.

(2.) This regulation shall not apply to any Packet addressed to initials or in pencil.

Rules as to Registration.

25. The following rules shall apply to the registration of Postal Packets:—

(1.) The packet must be posted by—

(a.) Delivery for registration at a Post Office to an officer on duty at such office; or

(b.) Delivery for registration to a rural post messenger when on duty on his outward or inward walk, or to some other officer of the Post Office authorized to receive packets for registration though not on duty at a Post Office.

(2.) All sums chargeable on the registration of the packet and all postage chargeable thereon must be prepaid at the time of posting.

(3.) On delivery of the packet for registration a certificate of posting, bearing thereon an acknowledgment that the registration fee has been paid, shall be obtained. This certificate must be filled up and signed by the officer of the Post Office receiving the packet.

Registration Fees.

26. For the registration of outgoing Postal Packets there shall be charged and paid the following sums, that is to say:—

(1.) When the packet is registered by delivery to an officer of the Post Office authorized to receive the same though not on duty at a Post Office, or when the packet is registered at a Post Office before the expiration of the time appointed for the registration at such Post Office (without extra fee) of postal packets intended to be forwarded by the next despatch therefrom, the sum of twopence (hereinafter called the ordinary registration fee).

(2.) When the packet is registered at a Post Office after the expiration of the time appointed for the registration at such Post Office (without extra fee) of postal packets intended to be forwarded by the next despatch therefrom but within such further time (if any) as the Postmaster-General may from time to time provide with reference to such office, such extra sum in addition to the ordinary registration fee as the Postmaster-General may prescribe. Provided that—

(a.) In the case of the Chief or Head Post Office in London such sum shall not exceed one shilling, and

(b.) In the case of any other Post Office such sum shall not exceed fourpence.

Acknowledgment of Delivery.

27. The sender of any outgoing registered postal packet may obtain an acknowledgment of the delivery thereof to the addressee by payment, at the time of the registration of such postal packet, of a sum of twopence halfpenny, in addition to any postage or other sum chargeable or payable in respect thereof. Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to a postal packet addressed to a country or place which does not for the time being undertake to obtain or give acknowledgments of delivery.

Compulsory Registration.

28.—(1.) Subject to the provisions of this Warrant every outgoing postal packet marked with the word "registered," or otherwise obviously intended to be registered, but not posted in the manner prescribed by this Warrant,

(a.) If the registration fee thereon has been prepaid, shall be registered before the same is forwarded, and may be detained for that purpose until the ordinary despatch of packets next after that by which such packet would otherwise be forwarded, and,

(b.) If the registration fee has not been prepaid, shall be forwarded as an ordinary postal packet.

(2.) Every outgoing postal packet which contains coin, jewellery, or watches, and which is addressed to a country to which such articles are transmissible by post, shall be registered, and, if posted without registration, shall be returned to the sender.

(3.) Every incoming postal packet which contains coin, jewellery, or watches, and which is not registered, shall be treated in accordance with the rules for the time being in force with respect to a similar inland postal packet in the United Kingdom.

Compensation for Loss.

29. Subject to the provisions of this Warrant, if any article of pecuniary value, enclosed in or forming part of a registered postal packet, be lost whilst in the custody of the Postmaster-General,

the Postmaster-General may pay to any person or persons who may in the opinion of the Postmaster-General establish a reasonable claim to compensation (having regard to the nature of the article, the care with which it was packed, and other circumstances) such sum not exceeding £2 as he may think just.

POSTAL PACKETS ON BRITISH SHIPS.

30. The following provisions shall apply to postal packets deposited in a letter box on board a British ship or in the hands of the commander of such ship, that is to say:—

(1.) If such packet is deposited when the ship is on the high seas, such packet shall, with reference to the several rates of postage and to the other provisions of this Warrant (so far as such provisions are applicable), be treated as an outgoing postal packet of the same description.

(2.) If such packet is deposited when the ship is in a foreign or colonial port, such packet shall, with reference to the several rates of postage and to the other provisions of this Warrant (so far as such provisions are applicable), be treated as an incoming Postal Packet of the same description.

*MISCELLANEOUS.**Other Postal Packets not to Interfere with Letter Post.*

31. Where the despatch or delivery from a Post Office of letters would be delayed by the despatch or delivery therefrom at the same time of Postal Packets of any other description, such Packets or any of them may be detained in the Post Office until the despatch or delivery next following that by which they would ordinarily be despatched or delivered.

Compensation may be paid out of aids provided by Parliament.

32. The Postmaster-General may give effect to the provisions of this Warrant as to the loss of articles enclosed in or forming part of registered postal packets out of such aids or supplies as may be from time provided and appropriated by Parliament for that purpose, but nothing contained in or done under or in pursuance of this Warrant shall render him liable either personally, or in his official capacity, to any action or other legal proceeding in respect of or in consequence of any such loss. And the decision of the Postmaster-General on all questions arising between him and any person claiming payment in respect of the loss of any article enclosed in or forming part of a registered postal packet shall be final and conclusive.

Remission of Postage.

33. The Postmaster-General may in any case in which he may consider it just or reasonable so to do remit any postage or any sum made payable under this Warrant.

Commencement of Warrant.

34. This Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

Dated this thirtieth day of June, 1892.

Herbert Eustace Maxwell,
Sidney Herbert,

Two of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

James Fergusson,
Her Majesty's Postmaster-General.

THE SCHEDULE.

Date of Treasury Warrant or Regulations.	Date of Treasury Warrant or Regulations.	Date of Treasury Warrant or Regulations.	Date of Treasury Warrant or Regulations.
1840, Sept. 1	1857, June 4	1862, March 25 } (Obscene photographs)	1866, June 21
1841, March 19	1857, June 19	1862, June 16	1866, July 23
1841, August 31	1857, July 21	1862, Oct. 30 } (Regulations)	1866, Sept. 18
1841, Dec. 31	1857, Sept. 2	1862, Dec. 22	1866, Sept. 24
1842, May 27	1857, Dec. 2	1862, Dec. 29 } (Hamburgh)	1866, Nov. 21
1842, Dec. 2	1857, Dec. 11	1862, Dec. 29 } (Bremen)	1866, Dec. 1
1843, Oct. 11	1858, Jan. 15	1863, Jan. 8	1867, Jan. 21
1843, Dec. 2	1858, Jan. 15 } (Sardinia)	1863, March 16	1867, March 21
1844, Oct. 18	1858, Feb. 20	1863, March 17	1867, May 15
1844, Nov. 22	1858, Feb. 26	1863, May 30	1867, June 19
1844, Nov. 28	1858, March 6	1863, July 8	1867, July 6
1845, Sept. 8	1858, April 13	1863, July 25	1867, Aug. 17
1845, Sept. 11	1858, April 15	1863, Aug. 25	1867, Sept. 9
1846, Sept. 7	1858, May 10	1863, Aug. 26	1867, Sept. 17
1847, Oct. 7	1858, June 15	1863, Nov. 11	1867, Nov. 28
1847, Nov. 15	1858, June 19	1863, Dec. 22	1867, Dec. 31
1847, Nov. 25	1858, August 13	1864, Jan. 18	1868, Feb. 13
1848, Oct. 13	1858, August 27	1864, Feb. 17	1868, Feb. 14
1849, March 8	1858, Sept. 1	1864, March 14	1868, May 7
1849, April 3	1858, Sept. 6	1864, April 1	1868, June 5
1849, August 3	1858, Nov. 9	1864, May 2	1868, June 6
1850, Feb. 4	1858, Nov. 27	1864, May 11	1868, Sept. 14
1850, July 30	1858, Dec. 3 } (West Coast of Africa)	1864, May 16	1868, Sept. 30
1850, Oct. 10	1858, Dec. 3 } (Colonial Book Post)	1864, July 16	1868, Nov. 6
1850, Oct. 14	1859, Jan. 18	1864, July 29	1868, Nov. 28
1850, Dec. 10	1859, Feb. 9	1864, Aug. 16	1868, Dec. 17
1851, Feb. 21	1859, Feb. 16	1864, Sept. 5	1869, May 29
1851, May 13	1859, Feb. 24	1864, Sept. 24	1869, July 16
1852, Jan. 28	1859, Feb. 24	1864, Sept. 30	1869, July 29
1852, Feb. 13	1859, Mar. 10 } (Canada)	1864, Oct. 1	1869, Aug. 13
1852, April 28	1859, Mar. 10 } (Newspapers)	1864, Oct. 20	1869, Aug. 17
1852, May 26	1859, Mar. 21	1864, Nov. 11	1869, Aug. 30
1852, Sept. 8	1859, May 27 } (Regulations)	1864, Nov. 28	1869, Nov. 29
1852, Oct. 13	1859, June 14 } (Malta)	1864, Dec. 3	1869, Dec. 6
1852, Nov. 23	1859, June 16	1864, Dec. 5	1869, Dec. 7
1853, Feb. 19	1859, July 1	1864, Dec. 12	1869, Dec. 7
1853, March 22	1859, July 11	1864, Dec. 26	1869, Dec. 7
1853, April 8	1859, July 13 } (New Brunswick, &c.)	1864, Dec. 27	1869, Dec. 7
1853, Nov. 5	1859, July 13 } (Nicaragua)	1864, Dec. 29	1869, Dec. 7
1853, Dec. 9	1859, July 13 } (Mosquitos)	1864, Dec. 30	1869, Dec. 7
1854, Jan. 7	1859, Oct. 11	1865, Jan. 20	1869, Dec. 7
1854, Feb. 1	1860, Feb. 3	1865, March 11	1869, Dec. 7
1854, March 15	1860, Feb. 6	1865, March 16	1869, Dec. 7
1854, March 21	1860, Feb. 7	1865, March 23	1869, Dec. 7
1854, April 3	1860, Feb. 8	1865, April 13	1869, Dec. 7
1854, June 21	1860, Feb. 10	1865, May 4	1869, Dec. 7
1854, July 1	1860, Feb. 23	1865, June 1	1869, Dec. 7
1854, August 1	1860, April 16 } (Nova Scotia, &c.)	1865, July 22	1869, Dec. 7
1854, Sept. 28	1860, June 7	1865, Aug. 28	1869, Dec. 7
1854, Dec. 29	1860, June 11	1865, Sept. 2	1869, Dec. 7
1855, March 31	1860, Aug. 22	1865, Sept. 25	1869, Dec. 7
1855, May 28	1860, Sept. 10	1865, Oct. 23	1869, Dec. 7
1855, June 30	1860, Sept. 19	1865, Dec. 18	1869, Dec. 7
1855, Sept. 19	1860, Nov. 6	1865, Dec. 22	1869, Dec. 7
1855, Oct. 31	1860, Nov. 12	1865, Dec. 27	1869, Dec. 7
1855, Nov. 10	1861, Jan. 19	1865, Dec. 28	1869, Dec. 7
1855, Nov. 14	1861, Aug. 2	1865, Dec. 29	1869, Dec. 7
1855, Dec. 7	1861, Dec. 26	1866, Jan. 24	1869, Dec. 7
1855, Dec. 24 } (Regulations)		1866, Jan. 26	1869, Dec. 7
1856, May 1		1866, March 3	1869, Dec. 7
1856, May 6		1866, March 17	1869, Dec. 7
1856, June 6		1866, March 19	1869, Dec. 7
1856, Sept. 9		1866, April 28	1869, Dec. 7
1856, Sept. 11		1866, May 7	1869, Dec. 7
1856, Oct. 23		1866, May 18	1869, Dec. 7
1856, Dec. 20		1866, June 4	1869, Dec. 7
1857, March 4		1866, June 18	1869, Dec. 7
1857, April 20			1869, Dec. 7
1857, May 19			1869, Dec. 7
1857, May 21			1869, Dec. 7

Date of Treasury Warrant or Regulations.	Date of Treasury Warrant or Regulations.
1879, March 21	1888, June 7
1879, May 29	(Bolivia)
1879, June 16	1888, June 12
1879, July 10	1888, Sept. 27
1879, Dec. 3	(Madagascar)
1880, Jan. 14	1888, Sept. 28
1880, Jan. 30	1889, Sept. 18
1880, Feb. 27	1889, Sept. 24
1880, April 27	1890, April 12
1880, May 25	1890, April 15
1880, June 4	1890, April 19
1880, June 15	1890, Sept. 30
1880, Aug. 26	(Heligoland)
1880, Dec. 7	1890, Sept. 30
1881, Jan. 24	(Natal)
1881, Jan. 24	1890, Nov. 6
1881, March 14	1890, Dec. 2
1881, April 30	1890, Dec. 4
1881, May 2	(British West Indies)
1881, May 30	1890, Dec. 4
1881, July 22	(Australia)
1881, Aug. 2	1890, Dec. 10
1881, Aug. 8	1890, Dec. 20
1881, Oct. 5	1890, Dec. 24
1882, Feb. 8	1890, Dec. 26
1882, May 27	1890, Dec. 27
1882, Sept. 23	1891, Jan. 31
1884, May 21	1891, Feb. 10
1884, Aug. 22	1891, April 17
1884, Sept. 24	1891, June 10
1885, June 20	(Canada)
1885, Nov. 5	1891, June 24
1886, March 3	1891, July 14
1886, March 9	1891, Sept. 21
1887, June 25	(Bermuda)
1887, Dec. 12	1891, Sept. 21
(Japan)	(Australasia)
1888, June 7	1891, Sept. 25
(Tunis)	1891, Nov. 11
1888, June 7	1891, Dec. 15
(New Guinea)	1892, May 30
1888, June 7	
(Togo)	

TENDERS FOR LOANS ON TREASURY BILLS.

1. THE Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice that Tenders will be received at the Chief Cashier's Office at the Bank of England, on Monday, the 8th instant, at one o'clock, for Treasury Bills to be issued under the Acts 40 Vic., cap. 2, and 52 Vic., cap. 6, to the amount of £2,000,000.

2. The Bills will be in amounts of £1,000, £5,000, or £10,000. They will be dated the 13th August, 1892, and will be payable at three months, or six months, or twelve months, after date (at the option of the persons tendering), viz. :—on the 13th November, 1892, or 13th February, 1893, or 13th August, 1893, respectively.

3. The Tenders must specify the net amount per cent. which will be given for the amounts applied for; and the Tenders of private individuals must be made through a London Banker.

4. The Bills will be issued and paid at the Bank of England.

5. The persons whose Tenders are accepted will be informed of the same on Tuesday, the 9th instant, and payment in full of the amounts of the accepted Tenders must be made to the

Bank of England not later than one o'clock, on Saturday, the 13th instant.

6. The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury reserve the right of rejecting any Tenders.

Treasury Chambers, August 2, 1892.

By the Board of Agriculture.

THE Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Board of Agriculture Act, 1889, and the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts, 1878 to 1890, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, and with reference especially to Article 19 of the Rabies Order of 1887, do hereby license the Local Authority for the West Riding of the county of York, to dig up or cause to be dug up, within fourteen days after the date of this Licence, the carcasses of two dogs, one belonging to Mr. George Tempest, Butcher, Otley, which was killed on the eighteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and the other belonging to Mr. R. Watkinson, Machine Maker, Otley, which was killed and buried on the twenty-seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, subject to the following conditions :—

1. When dug up the Local Authority shall forthwith cause the carcasses to be examined with a view to ascertain whether the dogs were affected with true rabies, and the Local Authority shall then cause the carcasses to be re-buried as soon as possible, and shall cause them to be covered with a sufficient quantity of quick lime or other disinfectant.
2. The expenses of and incidental to the digging up, examination, and re-burial of the carcasses shall be defrayed by the Local Authority.
3. This Licence is revocable by the Board of Agriculture.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this second day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

L. S.

Richard Dawson,
Assistant-Secretary.

Civil Service Commission, August 5, 1892.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give notice, that the following Regulations have been approved by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, viz. :—

SPECIAL REGULATIONS (Supplementary to the General Regulations issued 8th April, 1872, and amended by subsequent notices in the London Gazette) respecting Open Competitive Examinations for situations as Assistant or Junior Assistant in the South Kensington Museum (Science Branch) and in the Museums of Science and Art, Edinburgh and Dublin (Science Branches); and for the situation of Assistant in the Museum of Practical Geology, London.

N.B.—These Regulations are liable to alteration for future Examinations.

I. The limits of age for these situations are 18 and 24, and Candidates must be of the prescribed age on the first day of the Competitive part of the Examination.

II. The Examination will consist of two parts, and will be in the following subjects, viz. :—